

USC Center for Children's Environmental Health

INTRODUCTION

BACKGROUND

2024 is the year of electrification of devices and vehicles. The sale of new gas-powered lawn equiptment for contractors and homeowners will be phased out.¹ Companies and federal gencies will be required to phase in zero-emission vehicles to replace conventional diesel trucks. Due to the electrification, workers are growing increasingly concerned.

RESEARCH QUESTION

What are the key concerns of workers in industries undergoing a 'just transition,' and and how can effective education about these changes be facilitated to workers?

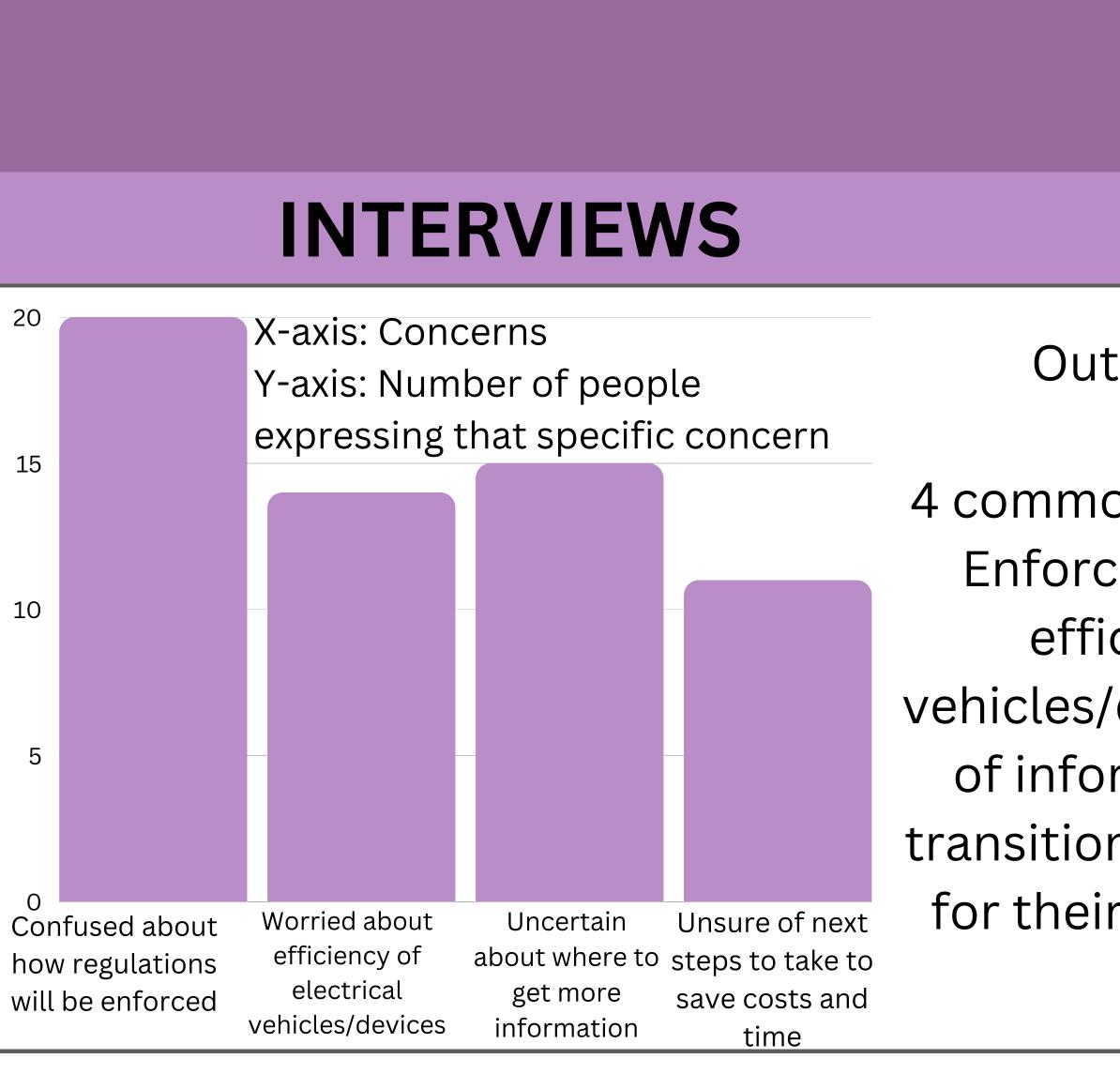
METHODS

Participants interviewed in this study were landscapers or truck drivers from East and Southeast Los Angeles.

Landscaper 55%

Truck driver 45%

Equitable Energy Transitions: Understanding Worker Concerns and Cultivating 'Just Transitions' in Shifting Industries Lizbeth Zambrano-Sanchez



INTERPRETATIONS & FUTURE DIRECTIONS

All of the landscaping workers I interviewed are independent contractors and I believe this can play a role in being unaware of regulations. One of the 1 Lopez, N. (2022, October 27). Going Electric: Opponents reasons for becoming independent contractors can be due to immigration clash as California aims to force diesel trucks off the road. status where 1 in 5 landscapers are undocummented.² Many people CalMatters. received information about regulations from their friends and found it to be https://calmatters.org/environment/2022/10/electrictrucks-california-rules/ a reliable source. For truck drivers, many expressed a greater lack of 2 Svajlenka, N. P. (2023, July 25). Protecting undocumented autonomy because they follow orders from company guidelines. workers on the pandemic's Front Lines. Center for American Progress.

For future direction of this research, it is critical to explore further how to also consider the unique challenges undocummented immigrant workers face in energy-impacted industries to ensure a true 'just transition.' It is also important to explore further the financial cost of 'just transitions' and how governments can financialy support frontline low-income workers.

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RESULTS

Out of 20 participants interviewed, 4 common worries were shared. Enforcement of regulations, efficiency of electrical vehicles/devices, finding sources of information on the energy transition, and next steps to take for their contracting services.

TESTIMONIES

5 participants expressed not wanting to get sick from all the chemicals, but not wanting to use inefficient electrical device.

8 of the landscaper participants were unaware of the mandate of using electrical devices in 2024 and are unsure of how to stay updated.

All tesimonies were collected from my phone interviews with participants.

CONCLUSIONS

REFERENCES

https://www.americanprogress.org/article/protectingundocumented-workers-pandemics-front-lines-2/